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LOCAL NOTICES.

Fine Dress Shirts

Made to order from measure at Putnam & Adams's Gent's Furnishing Depot, 72 Fifth Avenue, opposite Postoffice. tf

Notice.

Persons indebted to the concern of J. W. Barker & Co., are requested to make immediate payment. Also, parties having claims against the said firm will please render them previous to the 1st day of August. J. W. Barker, Jr., Administrator.

Kenwood Boarding School for Boys,

New Brighton, Pa. Fall term begins Tuesday, September 21st. Send for a catalogue. TTHS

Furniture for Sale.

Several suits of fine Chamber Furniture, oil cloths, &c., for sale by Joseph Meyer & Son, 424 Penn street, and 155 Smithfield street. TuThs

Country Merchants

Save money every day by purchasing their Drugs and Medicines at McClarran & McKennan's Wholesale Store, 89 Market street. *Observe the Red Signs.*

Buy Your White Lead and Paints

At McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 89 Market street, corner of Diamond, near Fifth street, and save money.

The Daily Commercial.

THE New York *Times* well remarks that there never can be a more favorable opportunity for reforming the character of our Legislature than is offered by the present political calm. "Every nomination for the Legislature, to be made this fall, can be and ought to be made with special reference to *personal incorruptibility.*"

IN Tennessee the State emigration society do not accord with the movement toward China for laborers. They contend that the trouble with the South has been the want of a solid middle class. There had been until very lately the aristocracy of planters and slaveholders on the one hand, and the slaves and ignorant poor whites on the other. No middle class had existed to carry forward progressive ideas and insure social and political stability.

State Military Affairs.

Adjutant General McCreary is now distributing the following order to the militia of the State:

HEADQUARTERS PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA, HARRISBURG, July 17, 1869. General Orders No. 1.—All officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, or other enlisted men of the Pennsylvania militia, who served in the navy, regular army, volunteer or militia forces of the United States, during the war with the rebellion, and have been honorably discharged from such service, and still remain in the militia, shall be entitled to wear on all occasions of parade, the insignia of their highest actual or brevet rank to which they held or did at present hold, and also the distinctive army badge ordered for or adopted by the army corps and division respectively in which they served, said badges to be worn on the left breast.

By order of John F. Hartranft, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

D. B. MCCREARY,
Adjutant General of Pennsylvania.

General Revolt in Sing Sing.

Within the past few days matters at Sing Sing Prison have assumed a serious, if not alarming aspect, as to such a degree have disorder and rebellion obtained among the convicts that at present fully half of the entire number confined are actually in revolt. After breakfast on Friday morning the main body of the convicts were conducted to their respective tasks, when some of the most notorious characters in the shoe shop openly commenced to urge the others not to commence work at all, but to make common demurrer to this, and expressed their intention to do their allotted task, whereupon the mutinous ones threatened if they attempted to do so, to work. The keeper of the shoe shop at this juncture ordered them to work but work to fall into line, which they did, and without loss of time they were locked up. Similar scenes to the one just described were enacted in all the shops, proving without doubt that the mutiny had been premeditated. In the south floor dry a convict named Palmer, on refusing to join the revolters, was savagely attacked by them, and before he could be rescued was so badly beaten that he had to be carried to the hospital.

POLLARD'S HISTORY OF THE WAR, just published, is a highly entertaining work, and gives as complete an inside view of the Confederacy and of the men who ran and ruined it as could be desired. Perhaps the most interesting point which Mr. Pollard's book really contributes to prove, is that the whole rebellion was the work of a few conspirators, who established a despotism at Richmond, and who used all the resources of tyranny to maintain themselves and to carry on the war, but without the hearty support of the people. The rigor of conscription was incomparably more severe and more necessary at Richmond than at Washington. The people were driven into the army by force, and the very Commander-in-Chief, General Lee, carried on the war as a matter of business, regarding secession as a mistake from the beginning. That the Southern people during the latter days of the insurgency were thoroughly broken down in spirit, "demoralized," Mr. Pollard constantly insists, and on this point, at least, he is a competent witness.

A curious incident proving this is related by him as having occurred at Greensboro, North Carolina, in 1865. Jefferson Davis and his family in flight, had come to Greensboro, a place of several thousand inhabitants, and there nearly a week. During this time they lived in a box-car on the railroad, having no other shelter. Not a house was opened to him; not an act of attention or hospitality offered, the citizens all pleading that they could not run the risk of displeasing "the enemy" by sheltering the chief of the rebellion.

STATE NEWS.

The coal miners at Hyde Park, Luzerne county, have appointed a committee to confer with the men at the Pine Brook mine with reference to a strike. The coal is scarce, the latter all finds a market in Scranton, and is not shipped east.

The Scranton *Republican* of Saturday says: "The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company are shoving coal into market at a rapid rate—are shipping more up the mountain this week than they have ever shipped in the same length of time—yesterday 825 cars, making about 5,000 tons of coal. The demand does not used it all, and those who have said that coal in such quantities could not be taken up a grade of ninety-six feet will now change."

At Scranton workmen are busily engaged pushing forward the sinking of Shaft No. 3, Northern Coal and Iron Company. The dimensions are 6½ feet by 25, and it is now down to a depth of about 30 feet. At Shaft No. 1, of this company, they have recently struck a new vein, which measures 11½ feet. It is said to be a splendid vein of coal.

Mary Walsh was arrested at Scranton on Wednesday, charged with having fired her own residence, which act she subsequently confessed. She was placed in the lock-up, from which she managed to escape during the night.

The Lackawanna Petroleum Company, of Luzerne county, recently received a check for $4,000, wherent the stockholders were greatly delighted.

By notice received from President W. L. Scott, we learn that Mr. F. N. Finney, Assistant Superintendent, has been appointed Superintendent and Engineer of the Erie and Pittsburgh Company. Mr. Finney is a thorough railroad man, and will make an accomplished officer.

The Manheim *Sentinel* says a sudden rise in the Susquehanna, owing to heavy rains in the northern part of the State, has caused quite a number of rafts to come down. The pilots, etc., in the neighborhood of Marietta, Columbia and other places along the river have abandoned the harvest fields and taken to their business of running rafts down to tide water. This is proving a serious annoyance to the farmers.

WEST VIRGINIA NEWS.

On the night of the 3d of July the dwelling house of John Quick, mail carrier, situated in Washington township, Upshur county, was destroyed by fire, and his wife and two children and two children of a near neighbor, Mr. Kimball, six in all, perished in the flames. The fire is supposed to have been accidental, and to have broken out after the family had retired to bed. Mr. Quick was absent on duty at the time, and the scene on his arrival is said to have been a heartrending one.

The Board of Supervisors of Parkersburg, having decided to refuse to grant licenses, reconsidered their action, and on Wednesday reversed their previous decision. They refuse to grant ale and beer licenses, and will confine them to spirituous liquors, believing that under the former class the worst of poisons are sold.

The rain storm of Friday was very severe in the neighborhood of Wheeling, and great damage was done to property along the small streams. In some fields the wheat and oats were washed away and carried down the stream a mile. About fifteen or twenty sheep were carried away and drowned.

The single scull race between Kennedy and Smith, distance from Bogg's Island to the center pier of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Bridge, Saturday evening, was won by Dixie Kennedy, who was awarded the prize of a silver cup, on which was engraved "Benwood Regatta, July 17th, 1869."

A Grant county correspondent says that a large panther, measuring seven feet in length, was killed in that county on the 5th inst. by Mr. Jesse Cosnor. The panther had been making raids on his sheep pen and had killed and carried away several sheep, one of which Mr. C. dosed with strychnine, resulting in the panther's sudden demise.

The Council of Guyandotte have prohibited the sale of liquor within the corporate limits of that place.

A colony of emigrants from Holstein, Germany, is to be established at the Falls of Guyandotte, in Cabell county. The Guyandance guard have arrived and taken possession.

One Pat Quinlan, who had violated the laws of West Virginia, was arrested in Marietta a few days since while *en route* to a prize fight that did not take place. As there was a reward of $500 for Pat., the city marshal of Marietta brought him up to Wheeling, to deliver him to Captain Conant. On arriving at the McLure House, the city marshal with his prisoner was taken up stairs and introduced to Capt. Conant, to whom he delivered Quinlan. It was discovered in a few minutes afterwards that Pat. had been transferred to his brother Dan., both of whom escaped much to the chagrin of the Marietta policeman.

The hosiers at Belmont mill, Wheeling, are on a strike, but for what is not stated.

Hon. J. B. Blair arrived at home at Parkersburg, from Costa Rica, on Saturday last, having leave of absence by the Government, from his mission, until September 1st.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. VI. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1869. NO. 263.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Attempted Assassination in Ireland—Revolution in Uruguay Increasing—The University Test Bill Thrown Out by the House of Lords—Distribution of the Church Fund—Don Carlos in Spain—Movements of the French Cable Fleet.

Attempted Murder.

DUBLIN, July 19.—Mr. Washburton, high sheriff of Queen's county, while on his way to the assizes, was fired at from the roadside and severely wounded. The assassin has not been discovered.

Revolution in Uruguay.

LONDON, July 19.—Advices from Rio Janeiro to June 23d state that the revolution in Uruguay was increasing. The troops had returned to Monte video without hazarding an engagement with the insurgents.

Parliament.

LONDON, July 19.—In the House of Lords, the University test bill came up. Earl Carnovon moved the previous question on the ground of the lateness of the season and insufficiency of time for the consideration of the bill. On a division of the house the bill was thrown out.

In the House of Commons Mr. Otway, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, said the Government was aware negotiations had passed between Bavaria and Austria with respect to the Ecumenical Council, but having received no official information, it could submit no papers on the subject.

In reply to an inquiry of Mr. Heighgate as to how the Irish Church surplus fund was to be applied, Mr. Gladstone said the question was rather premature. He could not presume that the bill would pass, moreover the financial parts of the measure were very complex, and he could not say how far portions of the surplus would bear a local character; but he assured the House that the government was desirous of distributing the fund equally over Ireland.

Don Carlos in Spain.

MADRID, July 18.—The Government has received a telegram announcing that Don Carlos has disappeared from France, and has entered Navarre. He was pursued to the frontier by the police.

Movements of the Cable Fleet.

SIDNEY, CAPE BRETON, July 18.—The French cable fleet are engaged in completing the laying of the ocean line from Brest to St. Pierre Miquel, and experienced a heavy gale of wind, accompanied by thunder and lightning, on Friday evening. The William Corry, which had finished the laying of the wire, found it too stormy to attempt the work of transferring the end remaining on board to Hancock Shoal. The ship freighted with the main portion of the men, therefore, buoyed at sea, after which the entire squadron made for and put into Mira Bay, Cape Breton. This movement was absolutely necessary for the purpose of repairing a slight damage which had occurred to the paying out machinery fitted on board the Chiltern, when it was occasioned by a painful collision with that vessel and another. During Friday night Sir James Anderson and Friend Landley came into Sydney overland, intending to proceed from Halifax to Boston.

Shipping Intelligence.

QUEENSTOWN, July 19.—The steamship Saxonia, from New York, has arrived safely.

LONDONDERRY, July 19.—The steamer Moravian, from Quebec, arrived to-day.

London Money Market.

LONDON, 4:30 P. M., July 19.—Consols for money 93⅛; on account 93⅛@93⅜; 5-20 bonds at London quiet and steady at 82½; 5-20 bonds at Frankfort 82½. Erie, 19½; Illinois 95½ Atlantic and Great Western 21.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, July 17.—Cotton market quiet; middling uplands 12½d; do Orleans 13d; sales 10,000 bales.

California wheat 10s. 6d; red western No. 2 9s. 10d. Western flour 25s. 6d. Corn—No. 2 mixed 28s. 3d; old, 28s. 6d for new. Oats 5s. 6d. Peas 37s. 6d.

Pork 98s. Beef 90s. Lard 70s. Cheese 62s. Bacon 62s.

Spirits petroleum 8½; refined do 1s. 8d. Tallow 48s. 3d. Turpentine 27s. Linseed oil 32 lbs. Linseed cakes 410.

London Produce Market.

LONDON, July 19.—Tallow 48s. 3d. Spirits turpentine 28s. 6d. Calcutta linseed 62s. Petroleum at Antwerp 49 francs.

LONDON, July 19.—Arrived City of Paris at 1:30 P. M., and Deutschland.

MANSFIELD, OHIO.

The Free Traders Organizing for their Assault on American Labor—Child Drowned in a Cistern—Bold Attempt to Rob—Heavy Rains and the Crops.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, OHIO, July 19, 1869.

At Crestline to-day a little son of R. D. Campbell, aged four years, was drowned by falling into an open cistern. He had been at the water but a short time when discovered, but all effort to resuscitate him failed.

A bold attempt a robbery took place here at noon to-day by John Lewis, a foreigner alone. All were absent at dinner, excepting a clerk, who, going to the rear of the store, discovered a man in the safe. Upon discovery the thief assaulted the clerk with a revolver and succeeded in making his escape before assistance arrived. He did not secure any plunder.

Henry D. Lloyd, the agent of the Free Trade League of New York, is now in this city. He is also expected is to visit all the principal cities of Ohio and bring the subject of revenue reform before the people, and then organize a State League, with headquarters in Cincinnati, as a State League was organized at Chicago last week, and also one for western New York at Buffalo. These Leagues are said not to be political organizations, but are composed of the friends of revenue reform in all political parties, and are organized for the purpose of discussing these subjects and distributing documents pertaining thereto. The intention is to have at least one such organization in every western State.

The heavy rains on Saturday night and Sunday raised the streams in this vicinity, and the crops in the ground suffered some. Harvesting has been delayed by bad weather, but the grain has not materially suffered. A few days of good weather now will suffice to save the crop, which is very large.

THE INDIANS.

Report from General Augur—Carr's Recent Victory on the Republican—Standing Bull Killed.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The following dispatch from Major General Augur, commanding the Department of the Platte, relative to the recent fight on Republican river, Kansas, between a party of Indians and a detachment of United States troops under Col. Carr, was received at General Sheridan's headquarters in this city to-day, and will be read with general interest:

FORT SEDGWICK, COLORADO, July 17.

Major General George L. Hartsuff:

I find Carr's success to be greater than was at first reported. Standing Bull was also killed; over four hundred fine animals were captured, among them over one hundred fine mules, as also a large quantity of powder, and over five tons of dried buffalo meat. Bull Bear was in the fight. My impression is not to be the only body of Indians known on the Republican. It is the same that fought Forsythe and all other parties on the Republican for several years. They are not known to has joined them from the North. Quite a large amount of money was found by the soldiers in this camp, and several of them have over $900, was given to the liberated white woman, Mrs. Weigle, who was captured in April. She is likely to recover from her wounds. Her husband was killed when she was taken. Carr will go out again in two weeks, to obtain the stolen horses and colts. I have given liberally of them to the Pawnee scouts, who are very efficient, and to the troops. The prisoners I have sent to Omaha barracks.

[Signed] C. C. AUGUR, Bvt. Maj. Gen."

RITUALISM.

The Troubles in Chicago—Trinity Church Invites Rev. Dr. Cummins to Occupy the Pulpit—The Cheeney Case.

CHICAGO, July 19.—A meeting of the wardens and vestrymen of Trinity Church was held on Friday night, when it was voted by a decided majority to invite Rev. Dr. Cummins, associate Bishop of Kentucky, to occupy Bishop Whitehouse's place as the rector, Rev. Mr. Sullivan, notwithstanding the opposition of Bishop Whitehouse. A letter has since been sent to Bishop Cummins, expressing the almost unanimous wish of Trinity Church that he would accept the invitation, and it is believed he will do so.

Contrary to previous reports and anticipations, it is now intimated on good authority that Rev. Mr. Cheeny will appear before the ecclesiastical tribunal instituted by the Bishop to try him. It is said that he has engaged able counsel, and will contest the authority of the tribunal upon constitutional grounds. He insists that every man of the eight named by him from which to select five assessors, had formed and expressed an opinion upon his case, and that opinion was in favor of his conviction. Under these circumstances it is impossible for him to have an impartial trial, and he must therefore fall back upon his constitutional rights and resist the right of the court to pass judgment on his case.

DURING the last session of the Delaware Legislature the Governor of that State was authorized to appoint two commissioners, to meet two others from Pennsylvania, for the purpose of definitely locating the curved line which separates the two States. Governor Geary some time ago named Colonel James Worral and Strickland Kneass, Esq. Governor Saulsbury has as yet made no appointment, and the Wilmington *Republican* pointedly asks, "Why?"

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

H. L. Frisbee, a young man employed as salesman in the house of Gordon, McMillan & Co., of Cleveland, drowned himself in Sandusky bay yesterday morning.

Messrs. August Belmont & Co. refused, on Saturday, to obey the order of Judge McCunn, by which they were directed to place the Fenian fund of $20,000 in the hands of a receiver appointed by the court. Judge McCunn, upon learning this fact, ordered the disobedient parties to appear before him on Tuesday next and show reason why they should not be punished for contempt.

During the chase on Gardiner's Island after the Cuban filibusters, Colonel Ryan, it is said, was fired upon several times but escaped unhurt. He has a place of concealment from which he connot be dislodged except by artillery. It is impossible for those not in the secret to reach the spot without risking their lives. He has with him now about seventy men. Among them are lawyers, physicians, artists, machinists and excellent musicians.

A Kansas City dispatch says: A portion of the bridge being built over the Marias des Cygnes river, near Fort Scott, and Gulf Railroad, and about seven miles south of Paola, Kansas, fell in yesterday killing four men and injuring another. The cause of the accident is unknown.

A Helena, Montana, dispatch says that Major Eastman and another man were attacked and wounded on the 15th, a few miles from Fort Benton. When the wounded men arrived at Fort Benton, the citizens became excited and killed three Indians, who were in town, in retaliation.,

Lieutenant Colonel A. W. Bowman, of the Thirty-First Infantry, died in St. Louis on Sunday night, and was buried in the Sherman barracks with military honors last evening.

The State Assessor reports that the total valuation of the taxable property of Nebraska is $42,000,000; of this $8,000,000 is the property of the Union Pacific Railroad. This shows the valuation six times greater than in 1862.

A Richmond special says General Canby has sent circulars to all of the members of the Legislature elect, asking them if they can qually by subscribing to the oath ordained. If he ascertains there is a quorum of both Houses thus qualified, he will issue his proclamation in about fifteen days announcing the result of the election, and calling the Legislature together to ratify the Fifteenth Amendment, and elect United States Senators. The members unable to qualify, would in this case remain absent till the constitution had been ratified by Congress and the 22d of July, when they could take their seats without oath.

Should there not, however, be found a quorum able to qualify by taking the test oath, the calling of the Legislature will then defer issuing his proclamation, but will order new elections to fill the vacancies which will be declared vacant by reason of the disability to qualify as above.

The cost of changing the gauge of the Missouri Pacific Railroad aggregates nearly eleven hundred thousand dollars, including forty-six new locomotives, $662,775; three hundred and fifty new cars, $322,765; altering old engines and cars, $282,000; altering gauge of track, $52,560. When the old locomotives and cars are changed to suit the new gauge the road will have five hundred and fifty engines, two hundred and eighty-seven; flat cars, two hundred and sixty-six; baggage and express cars, twenty; caboose cars, twenty; miscellaneous cars, seven; total locomotives and cars, eight hundred and fifty-thousand one hundred and twenty-nine. There were over three thousand men employed and men engaged in changing the gauge, and so complete were the preparations and facilities for doing the work that it was accomplished in the incredibly short time of twelve hours, and without delay to the trains. The success of the road is progressing to-day as to-tal, and everything is working smoothly and well. The great work has been accomplished under the immediate supervision of Col. H. C. Bingham, the efficient and general Superintendent of the road, who has given his personal attention to all the details.

At Brighton, near Alton, Ill., Saturday night, Jno. Creager shot and instantly killed the wife of Gotleib Oertle, a wealthy German farmer. Creager had been at work for Oertle, but had been discharged, and during the day had threatened to kill the woman if she remained in the country. After a short residence abroad, the guilty husband returned to his home, residing in a little dingy frame building. No. 198 West Fifteenth street, New York, on the 19th, and ceased unknown to their neighbors, or to their deserted old relative then residing in Hoboken, until the 19th, when the fact that the whilom dancing master assumed a new role—that of a successful smuggler of silks, perfumes, opium, etc., which, with the assistance of certain officials in the New York Custom House, he had succeeded in carrying on with impunity and success. The private details of the business, which for a few days, Examiner Ward has been posted on all matters of interest to him, and from which his guilt was discovered, were posted him long enough in advance to render his search, when armed with the necessary documents, altogether unsuccessful. While smuggling was carried on in a peculiar manner, several positions of confidence in the house being engaged. Principally here were Buchignani, the head of the "loose" department of the Custom House, whose sign still hangs out on Pearl street, and Mr. Cooper, who, though he himself has been also obliged to flee the country to escape the clutches of the treasury officials, is now in Europe. On the other side the principal operator was one Ira A. Greenhill, assisted in Lyons by a confederate who repacked the goods. After the discovery the smuggler fled to Montreal, and Mr. Greenhill remained at his post. Deputy Surveyor in the Custom House, was extremely excellent in the line of his business. Miss Randolph, was sent for, and an interview was held in the Deputy's private room. Though he was extremely gallant, suave, courteous, the young girl was too smart for him. She was quick to detect the impenetrable know-nothing. To every question her reply was that of a shake of the head and a firm pucketing of the lips. "I don't know, sir." Whereupon he gave it up as a bad job, and the dismiss soon followed the smuggler to Montreal. Here Buchignani opened a restaurant and bar-room in St. Francois Xavier street, and after the plea of delinquincy's much-room in his wife, and Mr. Greenhill proceeded to discuss. During all the time since his return from Montreal Buchignani has been pending suit to secure a divorce from the old lady, so that the lovers might be married and thus legitimatize their long-standing liaison in the sight of God. Once Buchignani came back to secure some papers from the Custom House, and at the time of his hurried flight, when he was arrested at the instance of his deserted wife, had made to give bonds to pay alimony at the rate of $8 a week per year. A short time ago, their lawyer, Mr. Dorlon, of Montreal, notified them that it only needed the testimony of Miss Randolph to secure the divorce, and she came to New York in May last. The examination before Judge Pierrepont showed that Buchignani was not entitled against that finding, on this particular matter, and that she was neither abducted nor seduced.

This was, of course, conclusive, and about the time of the decision the lovers were made the strong arm of the law. On Thursday, the 30th day of June last, in a little cozy cottage in the suburbs of Hartford, the city of Hartford, Conn., a quiet ceremony was performed, which legally united Buchignani and Miss Randolph, prominent a position in the public mind on several occasions. The cottage was bought cash and gets $500 in greenbacks—all and more than he is worth. The girl gains a husband; she sought for something very much like and gets a wife. The poor little boy is the only pitied by the community. He is called "Bastard" and a name, which latter is something, even though it has been abolished, slightly but distinguished. In their cozy rooms on St. Francis Xavier street, in Montreal, they can now count their cushions and their salads in peace, undisturbed by the terrible vision of the agent of the law, and Miss Randolph, it is reported that they entertain handsomely, and occupy a good position among the society of the "City of Saints." Mrs. Buchignani is said to be the most elegantly dressed lady in Montreal, while he is called the "Delmonico of the North."—*New York Tribune.*

ANOTHER WONDER.

Extraordinary Exodus of Honey Bees.

From the Louisville Democrat, July 12.]

One of the most remarkable occurrences that has ever come to our knowledge, was related to us yesterday. Mr. James Broil, a farmer, who resides about seven miles from the city, on the river road, has for some time past been engaged extensively in raising honey bees, and with almost unprecedented success. He has lately relocated in an old forty-five hives of the industrious little "cusses," and, to use a homely phrase, they have been plying themselves like Turks, and making "feathers" of money for their owner. A few mornings ago, however, Mr. Broil woke up to find his bees *non est.* They had "lit out" between two days, leaving no trace whatever of the point or section of country to which they had so unceremoniously migrated. There was not a bee left to keep its lonely watch over the forty-five hives. As might be expected, farmer Broil was left in considerable of a dilemma, and immediately consulted all the authorities at his command in relation to the peculiar habits and instincts of the bee tribe. The reading through many volumes it occurred to him that some of his neighbors might be able to explain the whys and wherefores of this "bounty-jumping move on the part of honey-makers." He accordingly made a "free-line" for the residence of his nearest neighbor to consult him on the singular problem. To his utter surprise he ascertained that his friend, who is also a "bee," had met with the same loss in the same sudden manner and was in the same perplexity as to the cause. They at once resolved on examining the hives, and it revealed to them the fact that each one contained about seventy-five pounds of honey. This development led the two bee raisers to seek for further information, and their rounds, for a circuit of twenty-five miles, they found that every bee had been similarly bereft of honey. The farmers in that region are loud in lamentation for the unaccountable disappearance of their bees, and many theories have been advanced, but up to this time the problem remains unsolved. The opinion of most of them is that the mildness of the weather up to the 1st of season caused this singular migration.

THE Pope's scheme of an ecumenical council, which originally included the whole Christian world, is breaking down in all parts. The Protestant churches will have nothing to do with it, and now we hear that the patriarchs of the Greek and the Armenian churches flatly refuse to take part. There is said to be a party in Rome, at the Court of Naples, also known as Romanism to favor the Pope; but this is the only head of those very questionable Christians in the Church of Rome, has also shown some inclination to favor the Pope; but this is the only head of those very questionable Christians in Egypt, the Copts, has also shown some inclination to favor the Pope; but this will do him much good or harm. The time for re-uniting the churches is certainly not yet arrived.

Any effort is being made, and with some show of success, to complete the Glasgow, Kentucky, branch railroad. The oil trade of Glasgow, it is claimed, would pay in itself, the ordinary running expenses of the road. Over one hundred and fifty barrels per day are shipped from thence. A portion of the road is graded, from Glasgow to Cave City we believe, and this grading is in good condition. The city of Glasgow has subscribed $125,000. It is estimated that $150,000 will complete the work. Louisville is called on to subscribe $25,000.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

WASHINGTON.

Landing of the French Cable.

Ex-Senator's Views on Pacific Railways—Politics in Virginia and Mississippi—The Favorable State of Affairs in Arkansas—The Yerger Court-Martial—Masquerade Balls at White Sulphur Springs—The Election Riots—Personal.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19, 1869.

The French Cable.

The formal consent of our Government to the landing and working of the French cable has not yet been given, some of the papers from the agent of the cable company not having reached the State Department to-day; but there is no doubt that negotiations have been satisfactorily concluded, so that the new line can at once be put at work. The first dispatches over it, as is understood, will be one from the Emperor to the President and the President's reply, both of which will probably be made public. The opening of the cable will undoubtedly be the occasion of some sort of celebration in France. It is presumed the House will early in the coming session act upon the Senate bill in a friendly spirit.

Ben. Wade on the Pacific Railways.

Mr. Wade visited Secretaries Cox and Boutwell to-day, and had a long interview with each in regard to the conditions of the Pacific railroads. He went over the whole ground of the enterprise with them as it appeared to him, and gave them details of the construction and the entire equipment of the road as he found it. The substance of his conversations is that both companies have worked earnestly in pushing their roads across the continent, and are still working with unabated energy to bring the roads to the best possible condition and maintain them in that state. He recommends the immediate issue of the bonds still due the Union road, so that the company may have the means of keeping their force at work throughout the remainder of the season.

Virginia and Mississippi Politics.

Delegations of Radical Republicans from Virginia and Mississippi are here. The former talk a good deal about trying to show Congress next winter that the election of Walker as Governor was carried by fraud, while the latter are showing various Government officials that the Dent movement is mostly the work of the Democratic party, and that it will be a bad thing to have it succeed. General Ames, who, by the way, is a judicious officer, concurs in this view.

Affairs in Arkansas.

Governor Clayton, of Arkansas, is visiting North. He gives a very favorable account of political affairs in that State. The severe measures used a few months since had the effect to secure the ballot box to the loyal man, and says there is very little disorder in any part of the State. Crops are everywhere good, and there is a more cheerful feeling in regard to all material affairs that has existed since the war.

The Yerger Case.

The argument in the Yerger court martial case at Jackson, Mississippi, began to-day, and will probably be concluded to-morrow. Judge Advocate Barr is expected to start on Thursday for this city with the record. He will then file it at Gen. Sheridan's headquarters in the Secretary of War's office, and Gen. Sheridan will forward it to Gen. Grant, commanding the District, remains here to sign.

Masquerade at White Sulphur Springs.

There is going to have a grand masquerade ball over at White Sulphur Springs next Friday evening. Robert E. Lee is chief manager, and most of his associates are ex-rebels. Reverdy Johnson expressed Chief Justice Chase will not be present, having gone North.

The Election Riots.

The Grand Jury have been looking into the negro riots that occurred at the charter election six weeks ago. They have already found indictments against eight or ten persons, and will probably find several more.

Personal.

The President is not expected back till the middle of next week. Secretary Fish has gone to Long Branch for a few days. Examiner Ward has been posted on all matters of interest to him, and from which his guilt was discovered, posted him long enough in advance to render his search, when armed with the necessary documents, altogether unsuccessful. While smuggling was carried on in a peculiar manner, several positions of confidence in the house being engaged. Principally here were Buchignani, the head of the "loose" department of the Custom House, whose sign still hangs out on Pearl street, and Mr. Cooper, who, though he himself has been also obliged to flee the country to escape the clutches of the treasury officials, is now in Europe. On the other side the principal operator was one Ira A. Greenhill, assisted in Lyons by a confederate who repacked the goods. After the discovery the smuggler fled to Montreal, and Mr. Greenhill remained at his post. Deputy Surveyor in the Custom House, was extremely excellent in the line of his business. Miss Randolph, was sent for, and an interview was held in the Deputy's private room. Though he was extremely gallant, suave, courteous, the young girl was too smart for him. She was quick to detect the impenetrable know-nothing. To every question her reply was that of a shake of the head and a firm puckering of the lips. "I don't know, sir." Whereupon he gave it up as a bad job, and the dismiss soon followed the smuggler to Montreal. Here Buchignani opened a restaurant and bar-room in St. Francois Xavier street, and after the plea of delinquincy's much-room in his wife, and Mr. Greenhill proceeded to discuss. During all the time since his return from Montreal Buchignani has been pending suit to secure a divorce from the old lady, so that the lovers might be married and thus legitimatize their long-standing liaison in the sight of God. Once Buchignani came back to secure some papers from the Custom House, and at the time of his hurried flight, when he was arrested at the instance of his deserted wife, had made to give bonds to pay alimony at the rate of $8 a week per year. A short time ago, their lawyer, Mr. Dorlon, of Montreal, notified them that it only needed the testimony of Miss Randolph to secure the divorce, and she came to New York in May last. The examination before Judge Pierrepont showed that Buchignani was not entitled against that finding, on this particular matter, and that she was neither abducted nor seduced.

This was, of course, conclusive, and about the time of the decision the lovers were made the strong arm of the law. On Thursday, the 30th day of June last, in a little cozy cottage in the suburbs of Hartford, the city of Hartford, Conn., a quiet ceremony was performed, which legally united Buchignani and Miss Randolph, prominent a position in the public mind on several occasions. The cottage was bought cash and gets $500 in greenbacks—all and more than he is worth. The girl gains a husband; she sought for something very much like and gets a wife. The poor little boy is the only pitied by the community. He is called "Bastard" and a name, which latter is something, even though it has been abolished, slightly but distinguished. In their cozy rooms on St. Francis Xavier street, in Montreal, they can now count their cushions and their salads in peace, undisturbed by the terrible vision of the agent of the law, and Miss Randolph, it is reported that they entertain handsomely, and occupy a good position among the society of the "City of Saints." Mrs. Buchignani is said to be the most elegantly dressed lady in Montreal, while he is called the "Delmonico of the North."—*New York Tribune.*

ADDITIONAL MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Albany Cattle Market.

ALBANY, July 19.—Cattle market rather animated, but irregular. The supply is in excess of the demand. Last week's prices have been nearly realized, many changed hands at a decline of 3@½ P lb. live weight, on an average, $@5@6c on medium and common. Texas steers sold down to 5c P lb, nearly 2c below last week's prices to the same. The best drove of Kentucky steers brought 6½c, light Illinois steers sold down to 5½c. Sheep and lambs dull and 1@2c lower, with a good supply and a moderate demand. Hog market strong for both heavy and light. Illinois hogs, averaging 160 lbs, sold at 9@9 50c P lb, and averaging 270 lbs, $10 10 freely bid and $10 12 asked.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, July 19.—Flour quiet and more active; sales 200 bbls western bakers at $6 20@6 50 for common spring to No. 1 do. Wheat dull but closed with a better demand; sales 7,500 bush spring per sample at 1 24; 5,000 No. 2 Chicago spring at 1 09; 2,000 Milwaukee to arrive $1 15; 2,000 do $1 16; car lots No. 2 Milwaukee at $1 17; 5,000 bush at $1 18@1 19 for No. 1 Milwaukee and market steady; sales 50,000 bush per sample at 1 24@1 25 per sample at 1 26@1 27 for No. 2 western at 89c and car lots at 87c. Oats quiet and firm; sales 2,500 bush western at 75c. Peas—sales 1 car Canada at $1 16. Mill feed dull at $19 @ ton, quoted at $20 for coarse; $22 for fine; $27 for finished. Highwines dull at $1 02. Pork steady at $32 50. Lard steady at 20c.

Latest Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, July 19—10 P. M.

At the open board wheat closed firm at $1 32. In the evening wheat closed at $1 32½ cash; $1 32½@1 33 July; 1 33½ seller August. No 2 corn sold to a moderate extent at 86c for June receipts. Nothing done in lake freights.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—Cotton steady; middlings 32½c; sales 1n bales; receipts 252 bales. Sugar dull; common to prime 10@10½. Molasses—prime fermenting 63c. Coffee—fair 19@19½c.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, July 19.—Cotton dull; middling 32c; receipts 3 bales; exports 70 bales. Wheat—new $1 10@1 15. Corn 90c. Oats 80c. Hay $27. Bran $21. Corn meal $4 60. Pork $24. Lard 19½@21c. Bacon firm; shoulders 14½; sides 18½c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, July 19.—Cotton quiet. Wheat less firm; red $1 10@1 15; white $1 25. Flour $6@7 50 for choice family.

THE OIL REGIONS.

New Strikes in Venango—Production of Ohio and West Virginia—Canada Oil.

From the Titusville *Herald* of yesterday we gather the following petroleum items:

On the Rynd farm two new wells have been struck within the last week. One of these, on Lease No. 69, is yielding about thirty barrels a day, and is owned by Messrs Black & Co., and the other on the flats, near the creek, is pumping about twenty barrels from the second sand rock. The latter well is owned by Blakeslee & Co. The Walmer well, also struck lately, is yielding thirty barrels.

The production of the well on Lease No. 57 of the Pittsburgh and Cherry Run Petroleum Company's tract, Upper Cherry Run, which was reported at one hundred and eighty barrels a day on Thursday last, is now down to one hundred barrels a day.

About a week ago a new well was struck on Lease No 24 of the Blood farm. It is now yielding fifteen barrels per day. The working interest is owned by Mr. C. S. Whitney.

Within the last ten days the territory at Pithole has been revivified somewhat by the finding of two new wells. One of these is on the Bullitt farm, on the Antwerp and Titusville turnpike, about one mile south of the Pithole Creek, and is owned by the Second National Petroleum Company. The other, and the more important one, is located on the James Hooker Farm, about one-half of a mile south of the other producing wells. This well pumps twenty-five barrels a day, and is owned by Colonel Vernon.

Mr. H. H. Brunson owns and sold his nine producing wells on the Phoenix Oil Company's tract, West Pithole Creek, to that company. The aggregate daily production of these wells during last month was reported at seventy barrels.

The product of the territory in West Virginia and Ohio is reported to be increasing. The following is the last estimate that we have obtained:

Smith's Ferry, Ohio, barrels per day, about		250
Cow Run,	" "	300
Sand Hill, West Va.,	" "	100
White Oak,	" "	250
Oil Rock,	" "	50
Burning Springs, W. V.,	" "	800
Total barrels per day,		1,750

The greater part of this increase is reported to have taken place within the last fifteen days. The product of the territory in Ohio will be up to 100 barrels about ten days ago, but latterly it again fell off. The above total must be taken only as a high estimate. There is no way of the whole, but a comparatively small stock at the wells in West Virginia, as the late rains have by causing frequent rises in the Kanawha, furnished increased means of transportation to the Ohio.

Canada oil is now attracting not a little attention on this side of the border, as it is generally supposed that it will soon come in active competition with the product of the United States. Last week one car load of Canada petroleum refined, were made in New York, for export, at prices ranging from 25 to 28 cents per gallon. These sales have renewed the interest in the oil, and the production and sales of Canada oil

The Daily Commercial.

TUESDAY, JULY 20, 1869.

THE statement that there is a reasonable probability of an arrangement whereby the French cable will be landed on our shores and put into operation without delay, will occasion much satisfaction. It is proper to insist on suitable guarantees, but no one except the old cable monopolists desire to have the new enterprise strangled.

INTEMPERANCE as a Disease is discussed by a Committee on the part of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, whose report is herewith published. The source from which this discussion emanates, the interest which at present attaches to the subject, and the ability of at least some of the Committee, will secure for the paper an attentive reading.

IT is a singular fact in the pending political canvass, that "the only Democratic paper west of the Mountains," is the only paper in Western Pennsylvania Democratic or Republican, that has accused ASA PACKER, by well understood innuendo, of bribery and corruption, in purchasing his nomination. We are apprehensive the *Post's* claims will not be well received, across the counter of ASA'S office, in Mauch Chunk.

IN former times we heard a good deal about the "bloated bondholders," but with Twenty Million PACKER for their candidate it is presumed that the Democracy will not say much on that subject. Either PACKER is an immense holder of Government bonds, or, belonging to the SEYMOUR class, who never took a bond because by so doing they would support the Government, has his money well invested in something else that pays better. Whatever the fact is, the party is clearly entitled to all the good it will do them. Until further advised, we shall treat the Democratic candidate as the most bloated of the entire tribe of bloated bondholders within the limits of Pennsylvania, and intent on getting his coin for both principal and interest.

WE occasionally witness an excess of brass that challenges admiration. This, for instance: the Pittsburgh *Post* takes the Philadelphia *Press* to task for saying a few courteous things with regard to the personal character of ASA PACKER. The notice of the *Press* contains nothing like abuse in any word of it. But a few days ago, however, this same Pittsburgh *Post* contained bitter abuse of both HANCOCK and PACKER, intimating that the latter would possibly obtain the nomination as he had plenty of money and railroads to back him. This meant the bribery of delegates by PACKER if it meant anything. The fact is, the *Post*, in its excess of zeal for Democratic success, managed to lead all its contemporaries, Democratic and Republican, in accusing ASA PACKER of downright dishonesty.

THE Harrisburg *Patriot* repels with indignation the charge that PACKER'S nomination was purchased. It declares that the Convention was actuated solely with regard to the merits of the several candidates —no money being used. We can say that such is not the current understanding among those from this quarter who were there to see for themselves. We do not think that either Gen. Cass or his friends, who regard themselves as well-informed on the subject, take this view of it. To every man, woman and child in the State the fact is apparent, that but for his great wealth PACKER would not have been even thought of for Governor or anything else. In point of capacity, he is greatly inferior to Gen. Cass, who had a majority until the purchasing commenced; and he falled simply because his opponent was prepared to buy his way through. A multitude of witnesses can and do testify to this. The *Patriot* can deny till doomsday without changing men's conviction in this respect.

ELSEWHERE will be found the annual report of Mr. GEORGE J. LUCKEY, City Superintendent of Common Schools, which will be read with pride and satisfaction by all who feel an interest in the cause of education. The most gratifying progress has been made and is still making in the matter of school buildings, as well as in other matters pertaining to the proper education of our children, and their government in schools. While the report, on the whole, is exceedingly favorable, there is still much work to be done before the highest standard of excellence shall have been attained. The want of capacity in many of the teachers is a serious drawback, and the indifference of parents which results in such general non-attendance of pupils is a cause of deep regret. These, with other matters, are forcibly alluded to by the Superintendent. His remarks on the subject of corporal punishment are well timed and appropriate, and we hope, with him, that the system will soon be entirely abolished. But we leave the report to our readers, without further comment.

TO LASH the party again to the old, rotten, worn-eaten platform which has so many times carried the Democracy to the bottom, was downright cruelty in the leaders who engineered the late State Convention. It dates, as has been aptly said, from the Silurian epoch, and offers no sort of inspiration to that useful element, of which

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FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY EVENING, July 19, 1869.

There was quite a feeling of closeness in the discount market to-day. Banks as well as private loan houses seemed unwilling to let out money at present, except to well-tried customers, and this class was only moderately supplied.

—Oil stocks seem to have almost completely "fallen from grace." Even the prime favorite Columbia has difficult work in stemming the tide against dealing in or holding oil shares. And yet a careful examination of either Columbia, Ralston or West Pennsylvania (and others might be named) would perhaps fully vindicate them against the general distrust. Take the first named, Columbia, for instance. We give first the annual production for the past five years, followed by the net amount of dividends paid:

Annual yield in 1864, 141,698 bbls; in 1865, 133,-791 bbls; in 1866, 125,788 bbls; in 1867, 110,655 bbls, and in 1868 137,409 bbls.

The production in 1868, it will be noticed, fell but forty-five hundred barrels below that of the extraordinary yield in 1864, and was nearly twenty-seven thousand barrels in excess of the previous year, exhibiting the most likewise management, and proving the abiding value of the property. The dividend exhibit may not strike the reader so favorably, but we give it as it stands: Total amount of dividends paid in 1864, $945,000; total amount of dividends paid in 1865, $630,000; total amount of dividends paid in 1866, $290,000; total amount of dividends paid in 1867, $112,500; total amount of dividends paid in 1868, $225,000.

This wonderful depression in the oil trade during the years '66 and '67 made its mark upon the dividend account. The most fearful of the bears do not expect to see oil touch as low figures again this century.

The *average price* of oil for the above years was as follows: 1864, $7 28 ₱ bbl; 1865, $8 18; 1866, $3 78; 1867, $2 56; 1868, $3 95.

The past six months, the first half of 1869, will show the following figures. Average daily yield somewhat in excess of 500 barrels per day; average price of oil nearly $5 40 per bbl, while the company has already paid $30,000 in dividends, that is within $25,000 of the entire amount paid in 1868 and equal to 40 per cent. per annum upon the present market value of the stock. An examination of the landed property of the company yet untouched by drill or auger, would, we are assured, present quite as favorable an estimate of the future value of the stock.

—In government bonds there was a strong and improved market despite the fitful character of gold and the steadiness and dullness of the London quotation. It was said in some places that bonds were coming this way, the English market having become stagnant despite the reduction of the discount rate. This might be true in the case of the '62s, especially as all London is out of town at this time of the year and should be left to support from the speculative interest. But the effort to spread demoralization to the bonds which are known as the domestic issues was not only successfully resisted, but prices were carried up at the close a quarter to a half per cent. The reason is unquestionable—its the permanent character of the late advance in the July bonds has passed away in the market while Secretary Boutwell has established for them throughout the present month. When it comes, however, it will be curious to watch the turn which prices will take. The improvement in currency and ten-forties was quite large under purchases made by those who contrasted their prices with the rest of the list.

Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morn.	Noon.	Close.
1881's, 6's	120½	120¾	120⅝
1862 5-20's	120¾	120¾	120⅝
1864 5-20's	121¼	121¼	121⅛
1865 5-20's, old	121¼	121¼	121⅛
1865 5-20's, new	120½	120½	120⅜
1867 5-20's	120½	120½	120⅜
1868	120½	120½	120⅜
10-40's	110⅝	110⅝	110⅜
Gold	136½	136¾	136⅝

James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States Securities in New York to-day as follows:

	July 17.	July 19.	Adv. Dec.
Gold	135¾	137⅝	⅛ —
U. S. bonds, 1881	120¾	120⅝	— ⅛
U. S. bonds, 5-20's, 1862	121¼	120⅝	— ⅝
U. S. bonds, 5-20's, 1864	121¾	121⅜	— ⅜
U. S. bonds, 5-20's, 1865	121¾	121⅜	— ⅜
U. S. B. new iss., 5-20's, '65, 120¾		120⅜	— ⅜
U. S. B. new iss., 5-20's, '67, 120¾		120⅜	— ⅜
U. S. B. new iss., 5-20's, '68, 120¾		120⅜	— ⅜
U. S. 10-40's	110⅝	110⅜	— ¼

—The New York stock market worked heavily to-day, and although seems to have settled on the market like an incubus. Even New York Central and Hudson yielded to the general heaviness. The opinion is widespread that these leaders are not to be forced down on the public, and the public in consequence exercise great caution in buying them, while the fear that there is a corner in the stocks prevents sales on speculative account.

The following table, made up from dispatches received at J. W. Kennedy's Stock Rooms, Apollo Building, No. 80 Fourth avenue, shows the prices of Railway Stocks, Gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Boards during the day:

July 19, 1869.	10 00 A M	11 00 A M	12 05 P M	1 25 P M	4 00 P M
New York Central	210⅞	211	211¼	211	210⅞
Hudson River	182¾	183	183¼	183⅛	182¾
Harlem	143	143	143	143	143
Reading	93¼	93½	93½	93½	92⅝
Michigan Central	105¼	104⅞	104⅞	105	104⅞
Michigan Southern	105¼	104⅞	104⅞	105	104⅞
Illinois Central	139	139	139	139	139
Cleve., and Pitts	107	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼
Fort Wayne	105	105	105	105	105
Chicago and North. 80	79½	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
do preferred	94¼	94	94	94	94
Rock Island	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
Toledo and Wabash	73¾	———	———	73¾	———
Toledo and Wabash, pref.	75	———	———	75	———
Chicago and Alton	141	———	———	141	———
St. Paul	76¾	———	———	76¾	76¾
St. Paul, preferred	86¾	———	———	86¾	86¾
Ohio and Mississippi	35	———	———	35	———
Pacific Mail	81¾	———	———	82	82
Western Union Telegraph	36	———	———	36	36
Adams Express	69¼	———	———	69¾	69¾
Merchants Union Express	16	———	———	16	16
American M. U. Express	41	———	———	41	42
Wells, Fargo & Co.	213¾	———	———	213¾	———
United States Express	69	———	———	78	———
Gold	136½	136¾	136½	136½	136¾

*Ex-dividend.

A comparison between Saturday's and today's closing quotations shows the following changes:

	Satur.	Mon.	Adv.	Dec
N. Y Central	210¾	210⅞	⅛	—
Hud-on River	183	182¾	—	¼
Harlem	143	143	—	—
Reading	93¾	92⅝	—	1
Michigan Central	105¼	104⅞	—	⅜
Michigan Southern	105¼	104⅞	—	⅜
Illinois Central	139	139	—	—
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	107¾	107¼	—	½
Fort Wayne	105	105	—	—
Chicago and North. 80	79½	79⅝	⅛	—
do preferred	94¼	94	—	¼
Rock Island	113¾	113¾	—	—
Toledo and Wabash	73¾	———	—	—
Toledo and Wabash, pref.	75	———	—	—
Chicago and Alton	141	———	—	—
St. Paul	76¾	———	—	—
St. Paul, preferred	86¾	———	—	—
Ohio and Mississippi	35	———	—	—
Pacific Mail	81¾	———	—	—
Western Union Telegraph	36	———	—	—
Adams Express	69¼	———	—	—
Merchants Union Express	16	———	—	—
American M. U. Express	41	———	—	—
Wells, Fargo & Co.	213¾	———	—	—
United States Express	69	———	—	—
Gold	136½	136¾	136½	136¾

—The New York *Herald* of Sunday says: In stocks the features were still the Vanderbilt shares, New York Central touching 214 and Hudson River 184⅝. The dullness and heaviness of the day were felt in the other railways and the general list, perhaps with all the more intensity for the contrast, the one set of stocks going up as the other went down. Indeed, the two stocks referred to are really independent of the market, and are beginning to move as separately as if they were gold, Governments or other distinct and special branch of Wall street operations. Were it not for them, however, the speculative interest of the market would be entirely lifeless, as it usually is at this season. At the first board there was a strong feeling and the "bulls" led off with a rather brilliant dash in the express shares, Adams up to 69¾, Pacific Mail, which had declined to 80¾, they rallied to 82 during the call. The sales of Michigan Southern were again very heavy, and the market was dominantly supplied with all it would take. The result was a decline to 105¾. The St. Paul stocks, despite the favorable showing of the earnings of the road for the past six months, also fell off. The feature of the afternoon was Rock Island, which was sold down to 113¾. Northwest common yielded to 79¾, and the preferred to 94. Just about the time of the appearance of the bank statement there was an attempt to rally prices, and Pacific Mail advanced to 82¾. It was a fine failure with the rest of the market, which, by this time, as usual on Saturday afternoon, had thinned out to the few dealers who had not left town.

—James W. Kennedy, Broker, No. 80 Fourth avenue (Apollo Building) dealer in United States Bonds, State and Municipal Securities, Railroad, Bank, Insurance and Miscellaneous Stocks. Being represented in the New York Stock Boards every day while in session, he purchases and sells on commission any stocks on the regular lists on the same terms as the New York brokers. Governments, Gold and Railway Stocks purchased for customers on the usual margin.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } MONDAY EVENING, July 19, 1869.

There is no change of any importance whatever to notice in regard to the commercial situation. At this season of the year all branches of trade are generally dull, but there is as fair an amount of business doing as anticipated by merchants. Most of the operations are confined to a sort of a retail trade. There is a moderate tr de doing in flour, and prices are stiffening. Most kinds of grain are rather dull. For sugars the market is firmer, with a good demand, on account of the favorable prospects for fruit, and prices are tending upward.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—Good to prime $3 50@4 50 ₱ bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Market dull. We quote prime to choice at 32@35c ₱ lb.

EGGS—We quote fresh packed at 20c ₱ dozen.

APPLE BUTTER—Choice ₱ gallon 85c, and fair 50c.

BEESWAX—Pure ₱ lb 40c, and mixed with grease 30c ₱ lb.

LARD OIL—Market steady at $1 47 ₱ gallon for extra No. 1, and $1 12 ₱ gallon for No. 2

BACON, LARD, ETC.—Market firm and active. We quote shoulders at 15c; ribs sides 18c; clear sides 18¾@19c; canvassed sugar cured hams 23½c; canvassed smoked bacon 21½c; canvassed dried beef 22c. Lard 20@2c, and in buckets 21c.

CHEESE—We quote Goshen cheese extra at 18½c; Goshen common 17c; Hamburg 15c; Factory 16@17c.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is quoted at $2 50 ₱ bushel. There is some light inquiry for timothy seed, with a few sales in a retail way of very choice at $5 00 ₱ bushel.

DRIED FRUITS—Dried apples ordinary 8c, and choice 12c. Peaches—halves 21@24c, and quarters 16@22c.

POTATOES—Old choice 35@40c, and new ₱ bush $1; ₱ bbl $2 50.

PROVISIONS—Sales to the trade at $1 75@1 80, and $1 90@1 95 in a retail way.

TAR—Sale of North Carolina tar at $3 75@5 00, as to size of packages.

PICKLES—Sales at from 75@80c ₱ hundred, as to quantity.

HAY—Market dull. Sales on the wharf of old crop at $18 00@20 00 ₱ ton, and new at $24 00@30 00 ₱ ton. New crop $15 00@20 00 ₱ ton.

FLOUR—For prices see Flour Mills. Prices are as follows: For bran, wholesale ₱ hundred, 90c; shipstuff, $1 10; middlings, $1 70, sweepings $2 00.

FEATHERS—Prime to choice 55@56c ₱ lb.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage ₱ bbl, $2 00. Cucumbers $4, and new corn $6 50. New tomatoes $3 50@4 00.

CIDER—Pure apple cider ₱ bbl, $9.

VINEGAR—Pure apple vinegar ₱ gallon 21c.

RASPBERRIES—Sale by the bbl at $1 75.

CHICKENS—Sales of spring chickens at 60@65c ₱ pair by the coop.

BEANS—Held at $1 50@2 00 ₱ bush.

CEMENT—We quote Johnstown hydraulic cement at $2 25 ₱ bbl.

SUGARS—Market firm with an upward tendency, and higher prices are generally looked for in a few days, as refiners have sold ahead and there is a large demand for fruit purposes. We quote Crushed, Granulated and Powdered, 15½c; A, 16½c; B, 15½c; Extra C, 16c; Porto Rico, 15c; Cuba, 13½@14c; Sugar House, 11½@12c.

LIME—Sales of white lime at $1 50 ₱ bbl, and Cleveland at $2 25 ₱ bbl.

FLOUR—Demand only moderate, but there is a stiffening in prices of good brands. Low grades dull and nominal. We quote from store good in bbls, at $5 50@6 25; choice spring in bbls $6 50@6 75, and in sacks $6 25@6 50; wheat mixed in bbls $7@7 50, and in sacks $6 75@7 25. The Pearl Mill prices as follows: Pearl Mill three star, green brand, in barrels $9 00, and in sacks $8 75; double extra of selected amber and white winter wheat, in barrels $7 00, and in sacks $7 60; choice selected red winter wheat flour, in barrels $6 00, and in sacks $6 40; choice spring wheat flour in barrels $8 00, and in sacks $8 20. The City Mill prices are as follows: Choice white and Missouri amber wheat flour, in bbls, $7 50; in sacks, $7 50 ₱ bbl; choice winter wheat, in bbls, $7 00, in sacks, $6 75 ₱ bbl; choice spring wheat, in bbls, $6 50, in sacks, $6 25 ₱ bbl; good extra and baker's flours, $5 50. Rye flour in quoted in store at $6@6 50 per barrel.

CORN MEAL—We quote at 75@90c ₱ bushel, as to quality. The market continues quiet. Red winter wheat is in fair demand at $1 35@1 40 ₱ bushel, as to quality, but there is very little selling above $1 35. White is in fair demand at 65@66c from first hands, and 68@70c from store. Ear corn is scarce at 77@78c from first hands, and 80@85c from store, as to quality. Prime yellow shelled corn commands readily from store at 83@85c. Rye is quiet at $1 20@1 25 ₱ bushel. Buckwheat is nominally $1 25@1 30 ₱ bushel, as to quality. Barley is entirely nominal in price.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } TUESDAY, July 20, 1869.

The oil market remains unchanged—very quiet, but steady, with not much doing. Crude oil is relatively too high for the price of refined oil, and a change in one or the other must naturally take place soon. Which way it will be, it is impossible to foretell. However it seems that crude oil is more likely to decline, than that refined will advance. The sales reported are as follows:

CRUDE OIL.

2,000 bbls., last three months, at	14½c
1,000 bbls., last three months, at	11½c

REFINED OIL.

1,500 bbls., 500 each, October, November and December, at	31½c
1,000 bbls., July, at	31¾c

BOSTON.

The market for crude is very firm, says the *Bulletin*, and prices at the wells have advanced to 35 @35 50 ₱ bbl., with a reported falling off in the volume of production. Refined oil is quiet and unchanged; but bring relatively low, the season of active demand, not far ahead, with probably active trade.

In this market Crude is nominal at 18@19 ₱ gallon in bbls, and 17@18c in tanks. Refined is quiet, with sales at 32@34c ₱ gallon for Western and 38@39c for Boston brands. Canned and case oil, for southern exports, is selling at 50c ₱ gallon. Naptha is quiet, with sales at 13@23c ₱ gallon as to grade.

DISPATCHES.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, July 19, 10 P. M.—Evening Saturday evening—Crude oil and nominal at 17c, 10 bbls; 23½c in bbls. Refined inactive and droopy at 31¾@32c for standard white 110 degrees and for all this month.

NEW YORK, July 19, 12 M.—Petroleum easy and nominal at 17@31½c.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19, 11 A. M.—Market weak; crude 17½c; shop to white 30@31c; standard white spot 31c; July 31½c; crude 16½c.

BOSTON, July 19, 12:30 P. M.—Market rather quiet with some inquiry; $5 45@5 50 bbl; $5 60 asked.

OIL CITY, Pa., July 19, 12 M.—Market nominal at $3 75c no sales a-yet.

PETROLEUM CENTER, July 19, 2:30 P. M.—$5 50 offered; $5 60 asked; small sales.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.]

PETROLEUM CENTER, July 19, 4:30 P. M.—Market dull; small sales at $5 40; generally asking $5 50.

OIL CITY, Pa., July 19, 4:25 P. M.—Market quiet; some inquiry at $5 00@5 50.

TITUSVILLE, July 19, 5:15 P. M.—Plenty of buyers at $5 25@5 50, upper creek, and $5 00@5 50, lower creek; very few sellers, except at an advance.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Cables unchanged. Crude 16½c; refined 31½c. Market dull.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Spot 31c; July 31½@31¾c; August 32@32½c; September 32½@33c; October 33c; November 33c. Market dull and inactive, but prices steady and nominally firm. Crude 16½@17c. Small sales of 500 bbls spot at 31¾c; 1,000 do July at 31¾c.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

Johnson & Paine	50 H. W. C. Tweddle
Chicago Oil Works	80 Erie and Pitts. R. R.
Citizens' Oil Works	80 Erie and Pitts. R. R.
Waring & King	1,500 C. Reis
J. Hart, F. & Co	1,000 C. Reis
Total	3,180

Oil Shipped East by Penna R. R.

Brosius, R. & Co., 90 bbls refined, to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchinson and Redding Co., 320 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

W. M'Cullen, 70 bbls refined to Wallace, Curtis & Co. Philadelphia.

Fenderick & Co., 50 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co, Phi adelphia.

Total Shipments Refined..... 470 bbls

Oil Shipped East by Western P. R. R.

Excelsior Oil Co., 50 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Hamilton & Co., 500 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Holdship & Co., 103 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Total Shipments Refined..... 653 bbls

IRON.

BOSTON.

The market for pig iron is very dull, and prices for large lots, according to the *Bulletin's* report, rule in favor of buyers. The imports of foreign, with inward freights reduced, continue quite liberal. The stock is at present rather in excess of the current wants of the trade and consumers; and with considerable invoices now on the way, the feeling is not very strong on the part of holders, who are rather inclined to press sales

The supply of American iron, though not large, is fully up to trade requirements. The best brands of No. 1 are still held with considerable firmness; and the view of the future high price of coal, and enhanced cost of production, there is no disposition to accept materially lower rates.

Manufactured iron, of nearly all descriptions, is dull and prices, though generall unchanged, are inclined to shade. There is very little doing in hardware, as the season-ble demand has fairly set in. The foundries and rolling mills have but small orders, and producers have largely accumulated. Railroad supplies and building materials are exceptions to the general rule, and these are in steady demand at full prices.

Scotch pig is dull, with small sales of leading brands No. 1 Coltness for consignment, at a range of $41@45 ₱ ton, including Gartsherrie at $43 50@44, and Coltness at $44 50@45. American is in moderate demand and steady, with sales of retail lots at $39@45 ₱ ton, for the different numbers. Charcoal pig is selling at $50@60 ₱ ton, as to brand. Bar iron is dull, with sales of English and American, from store, at $86@90 ₱ ton for common, and $90@95 for refined. Rails are in fair demand, with sales at $56@57 50 ₱ ton, gold, for English, and $66@73 ₱ ton, currency, for American. Cast steel is selling at 18@23 ₱ lb for English, and 19@20c for American. Boiler plates are selling at 7½@8 for flanges, 9½c for C No. 1, and 8c ₱ lb for common and tank. Russia Sheet is in very moderate demand, with sales at 11½@13c, gold, as to number. English and American do. is quiet, and selling at 9½@9¾c ₱ lb. Nails are dull, and a shade lower, with sales at 4½@4¾c ₱ lb for cut, and 6½@6¾c for clinch. Old iron is dull, with sales at $1 25@1 50 ₱ 100 lbs for Cast, and $1 70@1 87½ for Scrap, the outside rate for No. 1 Wrought.

Gloucester Fish Market.

[For the week ending July 15.]

Georges Codfish—In good demand and prices have advanced. We quote last sales at $7 ₱ qtl., market closing firm. Mackerel—Sales of Shore 1's at $20; No. 2, $13 ₱ bbl; No. 3, large, $11 to $12; medium $9. Fresh Halibut—In light receipts and prices have advanced. Last sales of Bank at $7 50 ₱ cwt. Smoked do—c ₱ lb. Oil—Cod 50c ₱ gal.—*Cape Ann Advertiser.*

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 19, 1869.

EASTERN EXCHANGE—Quiet at ¼ off buying and par selling.

FLOUR—Quiet at $5 85@6 75 for spring extras.

WHEAT—Quiet and 1@1½c lower; sales of No. 1 at $1 32@1 34, and $1 30@1 32½ for No. 2, closing quiet, steady and unchanged for No. 1, and at $1 29@1 32½ for No. 2; this afternoon market dull at $1 32, seller July.

CORN—Dull; sales of No. 1 at 83c; No. 2 at 80@83c for fresh; 72c for June, and 74@75c for July receipts, closing at 76@76c for July and 83c for fresh receipts; rejected 68@70c; no grade 56@57c; this afternoon market firmer at 76c for July and fresh receipts of No. 2, and at 83c seller August.

OATS—Dull and 1c lower; sales of No. 2 at 46¾@46¾c; closing at 46@46½c.

RYE—Steady at $1 06 for No. 1.

BARLEY—Inactive and nominal.

HOGS—Sales at $7 25@7 50.

GROCERIES—Sugar 15½@16c for common to prime Cuba.

PROVISIONS—Dull and nominal at $23 for mess pork; 18½c for lard, and 13c for dry salt shoulders, boxed 14½c; clear sides $4 30@4 40.

CATTLE—Dull and weak at $4@6 for inferior to extra; $5 75@6 50 for good to choice; $5 25@5 50 for fair to choice shipping steers.

HOGS—Active, firmer and 10@15c higher, at $6 75@7 25 for good to choice; $6 25@6 50 for extra prime.

FREIGHTS—Dull and unchanged.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, July 18.—Flour—City made, XXX white $9 00; XXX amber $7 75@8 00; XX red winter $6 75@7 00; X red winter $6 00; XX spring $6 00; country made, XX white $7 50@8 25; XX red and amber $6 25@7 25; XX spring $6 25@6 75. Wheat—sale of 1 car No. 1 red winter at $1 32; 2 car No. 2 do at $1 25. Corn—No. 1 held at 72c; sales 3 cars No. 2 at 67c. Oats—sale 1 car at 39½c. Rye—No. 2 held at $1 10. Barley dull and nominal. Petroleum—market dull and nominal for refined; no reliable quotations can be given; crude held at $5 40.

W M Logan, 48 skls wool; F Anderson, 5 bbls liquor; J B Jones, 27 skls rags; J M Hemphill, 1 car staves; Z Gillespie, 1 car stone.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.

Hamilton, Alged A & co, 1 car lumber; J L L Knox, 1 do do; S B Floyd & co, 47 coils; J M steel, 1 case, 2 bxs tobacco; A christ, 5 bbls cider; J Jones, 3 bbls vinegar; Reiser bros, 10 cases sqnares; S Swart & co, 20 do do; J H Lippincott, 10 do do; C C Baer, 2 hf bbls do; J Iredell, 2 bbls cheese; Neal & Gray, 25 sacks oats, 14 do rye; Schwartz & Hazlett, 3 bbls oat meal; E & P R R, 20 bbls oil; W H Smith & co, 12 bbls apples; C B Leech, 4 do do; T C Jenkins & Bro, 10 do do, 1 bbl; B Hide, 30 bbls apples, 9 do potatoes, 1 bx do; S C H Smith, 41 bbls potatoes; J Allen, 30 do apples; Fetzer & Co, 21 do do; Van Gorder & S, 12 do do; Voigt, M & co, 20 bbls potatoes, 24 do apples; Steel Bros, 19 do do, 25 bbls potatoes; H Rea, Jr, 8 bbls apples, 25 do potatoes; Jas Lippincott, 10 cs boots & shoes; S Musgrave, 1 bx tinware, 1 pkg c pipe.

Allegheny Station.

F Owens, 47 bbls apples.

Oil Receipts Per A. V. R. R.

Waring & King, 160 bbls crude oil; H W C Tweddle, 220 do do; Fisher Bros, 50 do do; Citizens' Oil Works, 80 do do.

Freight Receipts Per A. V. R. R.

Boenberger, R & co, 2 cars limestone; J R Railey, 1 car iron, &c consignees, 10 bbls eggs, 1 chest tools; D L Reynolds, 2 cars lime; B Gregg & co, 3 bxs mdse; Coleman, R & co, 6 pkgs x bxs, 15 cars coal; G W Clyde, 11 skls wheat; Armstrong, D & co, 8 cars coal; Kier, F & K, 61 do do; Monongahela House, 3 baskets vegetables, 5 cans cream; Keil & R, 17 skls rye.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis R. R.

Wm Hastings, 4 cars staves; R Mcclintock, 1 lot old pots; Pittsburgh & L. R. R. road master, 2 pkgs mdse; Spencer & McKay, 25 ale casks; W W Hazan, 95 skls oats; Smith & co, 27 do do; Heid & Metzger, 2 pkgs eggs; Schoemaker & L, 1 car shorts, 400 sks flour; Brown & co, 1 car scrap iron; Weyman Bro, 12 hhds tobacco; B D Clark, 16 bbls oil.

Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

C B Leech, 25 bbls cement; Jas Jones, 1 car scrap; Knox, Klin & co, 125 ft stone; C P Markle & co, 61 coils paper; D P Markle, 182 bdls x do; F Sellers co, 1 bbl meat; Wm Barker & co, 4 skls wool.

Glass Manufacturers' Imports.

Melling, Estep & Co.....1 car lime.
Knox, Klin & Co.....1 car sand.
Atterbury & Co.....Belt wire

Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD P. R. R. LESSEE.

Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, metal	1	Superior Mills, metal
Rodgers & B, to	1	
Total	2	

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Lyon, Shorb & Co, m	2	J W Porter, metal	4
Byers & Caughey, m	5	J Reamer, metal	4
McIntosh, H & Co, m	1		
Total	8		8

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

Brady & Bro, m & c	2	Byers & Caughey, m	4
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	16	Lewis, Bailey, D & co	12
Total	18		16

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

McKnight & Co, metal	1	J J Moorhead, metal	1
Total	1		2

WALL PAPER.

JAMES HOWARD,

Manufacturer, Importer and Dealer in

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Manilla, Roofing and Wrapping Papers.

COR. SMITHFIELD AND SEVENTH AV

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing.

WALL PAPER.

"The Old Paper Store in a New Place."

W. P. MARSHALL'S

NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

191 LIBERTY STREET,

NEAR MARKET.

SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY

STYLES, NEW AND OLD, TO SUIT ALL TASTES.

HARDWARE.

J. M. FAHNESTOCK,

Successor to S. Fahnestock, dec'd,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer

IN

Foreign & Domestic

HARDWARE,

NO 56 WOOD STREET,

Third Door Below Fourth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

IMPROVED Cherry Seeder,

PATENTED

July 26, 1859, and May 15, 1866.

It has been in use in Pennsylvania for the last five years, and never failed in all cases to give entire satisfaction to the purchaser.

WHEN RUN TO ITS FULL CAPACITY

It will Seed a Bushel of Cherries

IN TWENTY MINUTES,

And Cherries Seeded by it have taken the First Premium at Every Fair they were in competition.

Every family using Cherries, whether for Pies, Canning or Jelling, must have one of these Valuable Machines. It will save much time and labor, and will pay for itself in seeding but one bushel of Cherries.

THE MACHINE IS

Cheap, Simple, Durable and Handsome.

THE HOPPER IS ADJUSTABLE,

Thereby adapting it to all sized cherries.

Testimonials are needless, as the demands for it are such that the patentees have not been able to manufacturing of ten thousand, to supply the immediate want.

Cherries, when dried, always command ready sale in market, at good prices, enabling the farmer to realize from the use of the Machine a large sum from the cherries that would otherwise go to waste.

It is well worth the attention of dealers, as a large number can be sold in a season.

All Orders addressed to

JAMES BOWN,

136 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Will be Filled at Manufacturers' Prices.

HOFF'S Malt Extract,

PURE AS IMPORTED.

WONDERFUL REDUCTION IN PRICE.

One reason why this extraordinary preparation meets with such great favor is, that its taste is as palatable as its efficacy is certain, and as a natural result the public prefer it to medicines, and the so-called remedies of the day.

JOS. S. PEDERSEN,

Sole Agents for the United States, &c. MWS

NOTICE.

OBSTRUCTION TO NAVIGATION OF THE ALLEGHENY RIVER.

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern, that the Allegheny River will be obstructed from the 15th to the 30th of JULY TO JUNE 1st DECEMBER 31, 1869, by the construction of the Bridge one-half mile above Oil City, to connect the Allegheny Valley and the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroads.

H. BLACKSTONE,
Chief Engineer A. V. R. R.

FRUIT JARS, FRUIT JARS.

LORENZ & WIGHTMAN,

Manufacturers and Dealers in the Most Reliable

Self-Sealing Jars

MADE IN THE COUNTRY.

Mason's Patent Screw Cap in use ten years, and tested to the satisfaction of all. Kline's Jars, all glass, and Lightning Jars, and Rubbers of all kinds.

Jobbers and Dealers are requested to call before buying elsewhere.

32 WOOD STREET,
NEXT DOOR TO ST. CHARLES.

Hoeveler, Kreuzkamp & Co.

(Successors to A. Hoeveler & Co.,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

GLUE, CURLED HAIR, BRISTLES, BONE DUST, NEATSFOOT OIL, &C.

DEALERS IN

Plasterers' Hair, Tampico, Hog Hair,

BONES AND HORNS,

No. 2 Sixth Avenue.

LEWIS, ROSSITER & CO.,

Roll Turners and General Founders,

SECOND AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

CHILLED AND SAND ROLLS,

Made, Turned and Polished. Pinions, Housings, Shears, Squeezers, Rods, Bolts and Levers.

ATTENTION, SPORTSMEN.—WM. CRAIG, formerly of 50 Wayne, has opened a new establishment at No. 56 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY, where he will carry on the GUN-SMITHING in all its branches, and also keep constantly on hand a large assortment of GUNS, PISTOLS, CAP CRIBBERS, AMMUNITION, &c., of every description. He will be happy to wait on his former patrons. Give him a call, at No. 56 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., July 19, 1869.

River rising fast, with thirteen feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 76° at six P. M. C.

Oil City.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

OIL CITY, Pa., July 19, 1869.

River falling, with forty-two inches in the channel. Weather clear and pleasant; thermometer 85° at 6 P. M. F.

Ironton, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

IRONTON, O., July 19, 1869.

Boats passed down to-day: Telegraph, at ten A. M. Passed up: Kenton, at six P. M. River rising and weather clear. H.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

Arrived.

Elector	Houghton	Geneva.
Enterprise	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Chieftain	Phillips	Geneva.
Alexia Bell	Hemphill	Geneva.

Departed.

Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Franklin	Capt. W. Clarke	Geneva.
Chieftain	Phillips	Geneva.
Alexia Bell	Hemphill	Wheeling.
Petrolia	Nipp	Parkersburg.

MONONGAHELA—Eleven feet six inches and rising.

THE marks last evening indicated eleven feet six inches and rising. This height of water is rather an unusual occurrence for this season of the year. Trade on the landing was not very active—freights being scarce.

THE Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company's boats leave daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.

THE towboat Ironsides, Capt. Beltzhoover, passed Cairo on Friday *en route* for St. Louis with a heavy tow.

THE steamer Messenger, Capt. Dean arrived at St. Louis from St. Paul, with the following freight list: 6 boxes of one thousand dollars of lead, or 301,200 pounds, making nearly 251 tons, and about 1,400 sacks of grain.

INTEREST SOLD.—Capt. A. McCarty sold at Cincinnati his one-half interest in the Armadillo, at the rate of $5,000 for the entire boat. Capt. Laughlin has been in charge of the office of the boat.

SATURDAY'S St. Louis *Republican* says Capt. M. A. Cox leaves for Pittsburgh to-morrow. He has laid up his steamer, the Crescent. This boat requires no repairs. An inspector was on board yesterday, and pronounced her all right.

THE new steel packet Allena May, Captain Lemiken, takes her departure this day at 5 P. M., for Brownsville and Geneva. Persons going that way will find careful and attentive officers.

THE fine steamer Lorena, Captain S. Shuman, is announced for Cairo, St. Louis, and St. Paul. This boat makes regular trips, and is well found in every respect, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. The first clerk is Captain J. M. Vandergrift, who will see that passengers have the best of attention.

HO FOR THE MUSKINGUM!—The punctual packet Julia No. 2, Captain C. R. Stull, takes her departure this

The Daily Commercial.

CITY MATTERS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

The Erie Session—Presentment Relative to Keeping of Records—Cases Tried.

In the United States District Court, in session at Erie, on Friday, the following business was transacted: The Grand Jury made the following presentment and were dismissed by the Court:

The grand inquest inquiring in and for the said district at the city of Erie, at July term, 1869, respectfully present, That they have learned that no provision has been made for the safe custody of the records of said Court at Erie; and that the large amount of business, and consequently large accumulation of records and papers here, renders it not only desirable but absolutely necessary that a suitable iron safe should be at once provided for their accommodation. They also suggest the necessity of having speedily provided a suitable office in the city of Erie for the United States Marshal, and the Clerk of the United States District Court; and they respectfully and earnestly recommend that rooms suitable for said purpose be provided and furnished by the Government. All of which is most respectfully submitted.

GEORGE V. LAWRENCE, Foreman *pro tem.*

The following was ordered to be filed by the Court.

The case of the U. S. vs. O. Osborn & Son was taken up. This case is on a replevin bond. The amount of bond, $2,000. The District Attorney, Mr. Carnahan, opened the case. The defendants were represented by Mr. Beach, of Meadville, Pa. The testimony was taken, and soon heard, and no argument was held. The Judge made a few remarks in the form of charge and the jury without leaving the box gave a verdict for the United States of $2,580. The case of Benninghoff & McCoy, vs. same was taken up. Benjamin Grant and G. S. Barry, Esqs., appeared for the plaintiff, and Gen. A. E. McClintock and Mr. Carnahan for the defendant. The plaintiff in this case is the Benninghoff of Benninghoff & McCoy, who served Mr. McGough is Collector of the Twentieth Congressional District. The suit is brought for the recovery of taxes twice paid by mistake. A jury not in attendance, so the Court adjourned at 1:30 P. M.

THE REVENUE LAWS.

Additional Informations by Collector Davis.

Mr. T. W. Davis, Collector of the 22d District, is having quite a busy time in looking after alleged violations of the revenue laws. Yesterday two informations were made against parties for their revenues in the matter of stamps. The first was a charge made before Commissioner Gamble by Mr. C. E. Milliken, setting forth that Thos. Hartman, brewer, of Mc-Keesport, had violated the provision of the revenue law requiring the stamp to be placed over the spigot hole in the head of the barrel or cask, so that by inserting the spigot or vent can be cancelled. He is also charged with an infraction of the provision requiring that the brewer his bond on the first of May, 1869. Mr. Hartman, on learning of the information, appeared before the Commissioner and gave bail for Court. He alleges that he was ignorant of the law on the premises. Some of the casks were stamped so as to admit of the spigot being inserted without destroying the stamp.

Another information was made yesterday for a similar violation of the revenue laws, but the party has not yet been arrested.

From recent developments it would appear that there is considerable irregularity in the use of stamps, and brewers, distillers, and others, who wish to conform to the letter of the law, should exercise the greatest care and caution, or they may be put to serious expense. The Collector has no discretion in these matters, but is expected to see the law faithfully observed in every particular.

Information Made.

On Saturday evening last officer Gelston, of the Mayor's police, arrested a man named Samuel Bailey, on a charge of highway robbery lodged some months ago. The party who was robbed having left the city, and the officers being unable to find the principal witness in the case, the Mayor was powerless in the matter of discharging Bailey, when an incident occurred which changed the case considerably. Lieut. Wilmot presented a pair of boots, which had been left by a burglar who entered Isaac Gilder's second hand store on Wood street, on the morning of the 6th of July, to Bailey, and he recognized them as belonging to him. Information was then made against Bailey by Gilder, and he is now in the lock-up awaiting a hearing. The burglary with which Bailey is charged was mentioned in our paper at the time, and our readers will recollect the clerk of the store having twice caught and tussled with the burglar, who was finally released by the interference of a police officer. A silver watch, some clothing and some money was carried off by the burglar.

A Wedding four Nearly Changed to a Funeral.

The Zanesville *Courier* of Friday has the following: On Wednesday evening last, a young married couple arrived in this city from Pittsburgh, on their wedding tour, intending to remain here some days. During the evening and night the lady suffered quite severely with the toothache, and yesterday morning, in order to relieve herself of the distressing pain, took some laudanum, taking, however, entirely too much; near an ounce, a quantity sufficient to develop its poisonous effects. After taking the laudanum she laid down to rest, and soon her breathing alarmed her friends, when efforts were made to arouse her, but without avail. Dr. Garwood was called in, and after working with her for some three hours, succeeded in restoring consciousness, and she has now entirely recovered from the effects of the drug.

A SINGULAR CASE.—We mentioned a day or two ago that a lad named John Kearney had been arrested for the larceny of a keg of hinges, and that Mayor Brush had committed the accused to the Home of Refuge. Saturday night the boy Kearney was rearrested on the street while relating to a number of companions his release from the Home of Refuge. Yesterday morning Mayor Brush sent for Mr. Ringwalt, Secretary of the Board of that institution, from whom he learned that Kearney had been turned out for the reason that he was suffering from scrofula. Kearney will now have to be turned loose upon the streets. What will become of him is not known at present.

RELIGIOUS MATTERS.—The Committee from the Ohio Presbytery, appointed for the purpose, will meet at Hazlewood, Twenty-third ward, on Wednesday evening next, for the purpose of organizing a Presbyterian congregation there. Rev. S. J. Wallace, D. D., of the Sixth Church, this city, will deliver the organization sermon, after which Elders will be chosen and ordained and Trustees elected. Work on the new church building will be commenced immediately. The necessary funds have been raised, and the contractor, Mr. Thompson, will push the work forward to completion as rapidly as possible.

ALLEGED FELONEOUS ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Mayor Brush yesterday visited the house of Peter Hamill, the party who was so severely stabbed on Sunday morning, and took the information of the injured man, charging his assailant, John Callahan, with felonious assault and battery. Callahan was committed to jail for a hearing on Monday next. Hamill's condition was improved yesterday, though he is very much prostrated from the severe loss of blood. Both are single men.

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A Valuable Invention.

Irving's Patent Brake and Starter for Street Railways.

One of the simplest inventions we have examined recently, and one that cannot fail to commend itself to the Superintendents of Street Railways with light grades, is the Patent Brake and Starter, perfected by Mr. Irving, a resident of Indianapolis, Ind., who is now testing his invention on the Citizens' Passenger Railway. The apparatus is ingenious, simple, easily operated, is not liable to get out of order, and can be attached to a car at a comparatively trifling outlay. The Brake tested in this city is applied to a flat, constructed in this city under the supervision of Mr. Irving, with special reference to the invention. Last Saturday the flat ran over the entire length of the road, rendering very general satisfaction to those who were interested in the operation of the Brake and Starter. Yesterday morning the invention was tested especially in the presence of a number of our citizens, among whom we observed several of our leading manufacturers and mechanics, who were evidently pleased with the performance of the Patent Brake and Starter.

The tests were conducted at the office of the Citizen's Passenger Railway. The flat was weighted down with men and boys, and drawn from twenty to forty feet to a light grade by a single horse, with the brake not applied. With the power accumulated in stopping, as soon as the horse was relieved from the strain, and the brake loosed the car with its heavy load was impelled forward a distance of some twenty-eight feet, which fairly astonished the majority of those present. The subsequent tests conducted in the same manner

Briefly twice as much power is required to start a loaded car or wagon as is necessary to keep it in motion. The incessant stopping and starting of cars of our street, cars by reason of the momentum of the car, the inertia of a heavily laden car causing the horse's shod hoofs to slip, frequently straining themselves, and at all times distressing them, all of which can be overcome by the new invention, since the principle upon which it is constructed is capable of representing the power of a horse, perhaps more, thus, as it were, doubling the power of the horse, and thus the principle upon which it is constructed is capable of representing the power of a horse, perhaps more, thus, as it were, doubling the power of the horse, and thus the principle upon which it is constructed is most needed, viz: in overcoming the inertia of a heavy load. The invention is one that would gladden the heart of

Parham Sewing Machine.

The most perfect and reliable lock-stitch family machine in the market. Office, 61 Wood street.

Driving Sheets and Fly Nets.

We have received another lot of Scrim Driving Sheets and fine Linen Fly Nets. We will sell low. R. H. Hartley & Co., 86 Wood street.

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DR. HODGE'S

NEW BOOK.

A COMMENTARY ON THE CONFESSION OF FAITH. By

REV. A. A. HODGE, D. D.,

PRICE, $1 75. FOR SALE BY

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THREE NEW BOOKS

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GOLD PENS, GOLD PENS

Improved Goods at Reduced Prices.

DIAMOND POINTS—Sixteen Karat Gold, ground under a new patent by a practical Pen Maker, and the most improved Machinery can effect. They write smoothly and durably. Write without Noise, no Scratching.

These Pens are guaranteed satisfaction, as whenever fully exchange Pens until the customer is suited.

All Pens fully Warranted.

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FURNITURE.

ROCK the BABY

IN EARNEST'S

PATENT SWING CRIB,

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE

Practical Furniture Manufacturers,

118 FOURTH AVENUE,

PRACTICAL PLUMBERS

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

BOURNES' PATENT LOW-PRESSURE SELF-REGULATING

STEAM HEATING APPARATUS.

Also, SOLE AGENTS FOR J. W. KERR'S PATENT GASOLIER, for Lighting and Ventilating Public Buildings. ww6

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JOHN KINGSBOROUGH.....W. H. MATTHEW.

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Wholesale Dealers and Shippers of FRESH and SALT FISH,

47 and 49 Merwin St., Cleveland, Ohio.

Orders Filled with Promptness.

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F. E. UDELL,

DEALER IN

Factory, Goshen and W. R.

CHEESE,

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Orders by mail, with satisfactory references, promptly filled and delivered free of cartage on cars. I guarantee all Cheese sent out by me.

F. E. UDELL.

GREAT WESTERN

Planing Mill and Box Factory

Cor. Third Street and Duquesne Way,

WILL FURNISH

Flooring, Weatherboarding, Sash, Doors, Blinds and Brackets.

JOBBING of all kinds carefully and promptly executed. ws

NOTICE TO THE CHEESE TRADE.

60 cases Young American.
75 boxes English Gloucester, mild;
50 boxes English Cheshire, mild;
50 boxes New York Factory, mild;
50 boxes New York Goshen, mild;
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In store and arriving. For sale with full stock of Groceries.

H. RIDDLE,

Liberty street.

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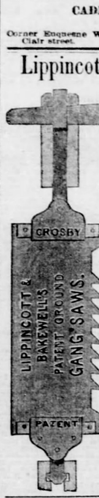
CROSBY'S PATENT

Saw Buckle & Strainer

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CROSBY PATENT SAW BUCKLE, WITH LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL'S PATENT GROUND GANG SAWS.



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Five Gallon Tin Cans with Patent Caps,

DUQUESNE WAY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FISH, FISH, FISH.

Potomac Shad, in half barrels;
Potomac Herring; in barrels;
Mackerel, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, in various sized packages;
White Fish; Lake Herring;

For sale low to the trade by

WATT, LANG & CO.,

172 AND 174 WOOD STREET.

A NEW SENSATION.

AROMATIC FURNITURE POLISH

Perfumes and cleans the apartments. For sale by

JOSEPH FLEMING, Sole Agent,

No. 84 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SCHOOLS OF PITTSBURGH.

Annual Report of Superintendent Luckey.

School Buildings, Attendance, Grades, Educational Meetings, Corporal Punishment, &c., &c.

The late consolidation of the adjacent boroughs and townships with the city of Pittsburgh, and their subsequent division into wards and school districts, has given to the Superintendent a vast amount of labor the past year.

Reorganization of the schools, thorough grading, consolidation of districts, devising new plans adapted to a new state of things, introducing and establishing an educational economy that gives the city system an identity of its own, all these have required much time and labor extra to what are usually devoted to the duties of his office. Success in any line of business, and consequently large accumulation of records and papers here, renders it not only desirable but absolutely necessary that a suitable iron safe should be at once provided for their accommodation. They also suggest the necessity of having speedily provided a suitable office in the city of Erie for the United States Marshal, and the Clerk of the United States District Court; and they respectfully and earnestly recommend that rooms suitable for said purpose be provided and furnished by the Government. All of which is most respectfully submitted.

GEORGE V. LAWRENCE, Foreman *pro tem.*

The following was ordered to be filed by the Court.

The case of the U. S. vs. O. Osborn & Son was taken up. This case is on a replevin bond. The amount of bond, $2,000. The District Attorney, Mr. Carnahan, opened the case. The defendants were represented by Mr. Beach, of Meadville, Pa. The testimony was taken, and soon heard, and no argument was held. The Judge made a few remarks in the form of charge and the jury without leaving the box gave a verdict for the United States of $2,580. The case of Benninghoff & McCoy, vs. same was taken up. Benjamin Grant and G. S. Barry, Esqs., appeared for the plaintiff, and Gen. A. E. McClintock and Mr. Carnahan for the defendant. The plaintiff in this case is the Benninghoff of Benninghoff & McCoy, who served Mr. McGough is Collector of the Twentieth Congressional District. The suit is brought for the recovery of taxes twice paid by mistake. A jury not in attendance, so the Court adjourned at 1:30 P. M.

THE REVENUE LAWS.

Additional Informations by Collector Davis.

Mr. T. W. Davis, Collector of the 22d District, is having quite a busy time in looking after alleged violations of the revenue laws. Yesterday two informations were made against parties for their revenues in the matter of stamps. The first was a charge made before Commissioner Gamble by Mr. C. E. Milliken, setting forth that Thos. Hartman, brewer, of McKeesport, had violated the provision of the revenue law requiring the stamp to be placed over the spigot hole in the head of the barrel or cask, so that by inserting the spigot or vent can be cancelled. He is also charged with an infraction of the provision requiring that the brewer his bond on the first of May, 1869. Mr. Hartman, on learning of the information, appeared before the Commissioner and gave bail for Court. He alleges that he was ignorant of the law on the premises. Some of the casks were stamped so as to admit of the spigot being inserted without destroying the stamp.

Another information was made yesterday for a similar violation of the revenue laws, but the party has not yet been arrested.

From recent developments it would appear that there is considerable irregularity in the use of stamps, and brewers, distillers, and others, who wish to conform to the letter of the law, should exercise the greatest care and caution, or they may be put to serious expense. The Collector has no discretion in these matters, but is expected to see the law faithfully observed in every particular.

Information Made.

On Saturday evening last officer Gelston, of the Mayor's police, arrested a man named Samuel Bailey, on a charge of highway robbery lodged some months ago. The party who was robbed having left the city, and the officers being unable to find the principal witness in the case, the Mayor was powerless in the matter of discharging Bailey, when an incident occurred which changed the case considerably. Lieut. Wilmot presented a pair of boots, which had been left by a burglar who entered Isaac Gilder's second hand store on Wood street, on the morning of the 6th of July, to Bailey, and he recognized them as belonging to him. Information was then made against Bailey by Gilder, and he is now in the lock-up awaiting a hearing. The burglary with which Bailey is charged was mentioned in our paper at the time, and our readers will recollect the clerk of the store having twice caught and tussled with the burglar, who was finally released by the interference of a police officer. A silver watch, some clothing and some money was carried off by the burglar.

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THE SUNDAY QUESTION.

Hearing in a Raspberry Suit, an Ice-Cream Suit, and an Ice Suit.

E. R. Gardner, a druggist, was brought before Alderman Koenig, of the Tenth ward, yesterday, to answer the charge of having sold one glass of raspberry on Sunday, July 11. Mr. Daniel Donovan conducted the case for the prosecution, and Wm. Reardon, Esq., for the defendant.

Mr. Donnovan called A. Berringer as the first witness for the prosecution.

Question by Mr. Donnovan—Now, Mr. Berringer, didn't you buy soda water?

Mr. Reardon—Stop, Mr. Prosecutor, proceed properly in this case.

Mr. Donnovan—Ah! sure, sir, I'm not posted up as to the right way ye lawyers do it.

Mr. R.—Then you should have come prepared. We'll let the witness tell his own story.

The witness resumed—On Sunday, July 11th, I went into Gardner's and asked the boy for a glass of raspberry, which he gave me, and I paid ten cents for it, and went out.

Cross-examination—Q.—Did you see Mr. Gardner there? A.—No, only a boy.

Q.—Did you go there alone? A.—Yes sir.

Q.—Did you go there for the purpose of obtaining a quantity of this liquor? A.—No. Well you see I keeps a saloon on the Greensburg pike, and I thought these druggist stores had just as good a right to shut up as I have my ager beer.

Q.—Did you not see Mr. Pearson (President of the Mutual Protection Association) just before you went into the store? A.—Yes sir.

Q.—Did you not meet him afterwards and shake hands with him? A.—No sir, I did not shake hands with him until thirty feet. I then passed down street with him.

Q.—Do you belong to the Mutual Protective Society. A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Were you and Mr. Pearson not together most of the time on Sunday trying to find out who you could get to sell you something?

The witness became confused at this question, saying that it might appear to the witness that he was trying to get up a conspiracy case. At this stage of the proceedings one of the parties to the prosecution became involved in a war of words with a party who was taking down the evidence.

Mr. Berringer was at last restored Mr. Reardon, for the defendant, asked that the case be dismissed, on the ground that there was no evidence to show that Mr. Gardner kept his shop open on Sunday. The Alderman reserved his decision until Wednesday next.

AN ICE CREAM CASE.

The next case was one in which the spectators took a lively interest. It was that of Daniel Donnovan (the same prosecutor) vs. John Snyder—charge, selling ice on Sunday. Mr. Donnovan appeared for the prosecution, and J. P. Gazzam, Esq., as counsel for the defendant.

Frank Snyder was sworn, and testified that the defendant sold Mr. Herbst eight hundred pounds of ice on Sunday, July 11th.

Cross examination—Q.—How do you know it was eight hundred pounds? A.—Why, I can see my brother-in-law, Lawrence, told me when he came home that he took eight hundred pounds of ice to Herbst's on Sunday, 11th.

Q.—Was you sober on Sunday? A.—Just as sober as you, Mr. Gazzam. At this point the prosecution became somewhat excited, and in such mixed English as to bid defiance to phonography.

Mr. Herbert was called, and testified that he bought ice for from Snyder on Sunday, the 11th. He could not remember the exact time, but it was delivered on Sunday, the 11th, before he was called on. The amount delivered was not his decision in this case.

An exciting conversation here ensued between the Mutual Protectionists and the defendants, and for a time the prospects of peace and a criminal case between Mr. Gazzam, however, succeeded in getting his clients into a buggy, and drove down street at 2:40 pace.

Public Amusements.

NOYES' CIRCUS TO-NIGHT.—Charley Noyes, proprietor of the Crescent City Circus, arrived here yesterday, and was warmly greeted by his numerous friends. Last evening the steamer New York, Capt. H. C. Blackburn, with the entire troupe on board, landed at the Allegheno wharf, and the circus paraphernalia will be transferred to the Fair Ground lot, where a full and for a first-class performance this evening. Among the many Pittsburghers in the company, including Master Charley Cook, is D. McAnlis, the accomplished treasurer of the concern. The *Cincinnati Sporting Life* of Saturday *Bulletin* says: "Master Wooda Cook is a prodigy. Although a mere lad, he exhibits a skill among the first equestrians of the period. He is living proof of the old saying that a boy is not twelve months distant when he will throw a rifle one with ease. As a jumper he is surpassed only by a few." It highly complements the Wilson brothers, Dan Rice and the clowns among whom is Clark Gibbs, and says Mr. Noyes has a stable of twelve of the horses that can be conveniently placed in the ring. Let the canvas be crowded to its utmost extent to-night.

MUSEUM.—Those wishing to pass an hour agreeably should visit during the day or evening the Museum.

LITTLE FINGER SMASHED.—Charles McCarthy, a driver of a dray, had the little finger of his left hand caught between the tail of his dray and a piece of casting which he was unloading. The finger was so badly injured that it was found necessary to amputate it. The operation was performed by Dr. Donnelly.

ROBBERY ON WATER STREET.—A man named Archy Mattagee was arrested last evening, charged with robbery. He locked up for a hearing this morning. It is alleged that he entered the hotel on Mr. Beebi, about half past nine o'clock last evening, broke open a trunk and stole about $200.

First Class Residence.

We call the attention of those of our readers who desire to purchase a first class suburban residence to the fact that a splendid opportunity is afforded by the sale of a desirable lot of ground, fronting six hundred feet on Main street, Lawrenceville, and extending back one hundred and seventy feet to the Allegheny Valley Railroad. The ground is owned by John McDevitt, Esq., and on it is erected a two-story frame mansion containing eight spacious rooms, finished attic, etc. It is elegantly situated, and combines in the highest degree comfortable and convenient home. A lot adjoining, twenty feet front by one hundred feet in depth, on which is erected a brick house containing seven rooms, is also offered for sale. The property will be sold at auction by H. B. Smithson this afternoon at three o'clock, and should attract the attention of those who wish to secure a home.

Good Work.

These two words are in the mouths of that portion of our citizens who, induced by the fine finish and low prices of the carriages and buggies made by Stoner & Marlatt, deal at the Sign of the Golden Swan. The good work, fine finish and price are forgotten in the excellence of the work, which has enabled the firm to be able to make carriage work. Good work is secured by obtaining the very best of material, great workmanship, and by giving close attention to the method of working up the raw material. Thirty-five years' experience, and the ingredients must be sold the public will rely upon the fitst. The sale is positive, in order to close the estate of the senior member of the firm whose demise occurred a few weeks ago. We ask the attention of our readers to this great opportunity to procure seasonable and elegant goods at very low prices, as it is well worth their attention.

Great Reduction for Cash Only.

Owing to the death of the senior member of the firm and the settlement of the estate, and immediately, we propose to make a great reduction in the prices of our entire stock of carriages, commencing the sale on Monday, July 19th, and continuing until the first day of August. Many of the goods will be sold at much less than cost, and will comprise full the entire stock of carriage goods. It is our desirous of obtaining some of the *greatest bargains ever offered in the city* for goods and to suggest this sale at the storerooms of J. W. Barker & Co., 39 Market street (the old Sign of the early St. Clair) street. J. W. Barker, Jr., Administrator.

The Value of Pure Wine in Sickness.

The chief difficulty with reliable wines has been their scarcity and exorbitant prices, but this has been removed by the introduction of the pure native wine, prepared from the Port grape principally cultivated by Mr. A. Speer, of Washington county, Pa. We have submitted his wine to the test of many of our celebrated physicians, and all pronounce it to be of medicinal properties, and superiority to the best Port wine. Most of them highly recommend its application of its salutary effects, prescribe it in cases of debility, affections of the kidneys and bladder, chronic complaints, general sickness, diarrhœ or diuretic treatment.—*Examiner.*

Druggists sell it.

Saratoga Trunks.

All styles and prices, can be had at R. H. Hartley & Co.'s, 86 Wood street.

Traveling Bag.